

The National Emergency Medical Service Role During the COVID-19 Pandemic in Sierra Leone

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- During the Ebola response, the Ministry of Health and Sanitation (MOHS) procured approximately 200 ambulances.
- With seed funding from the World Bank, the MOHS is desirous to establish a National Emergency Medical Service (NEMS) system in the country.







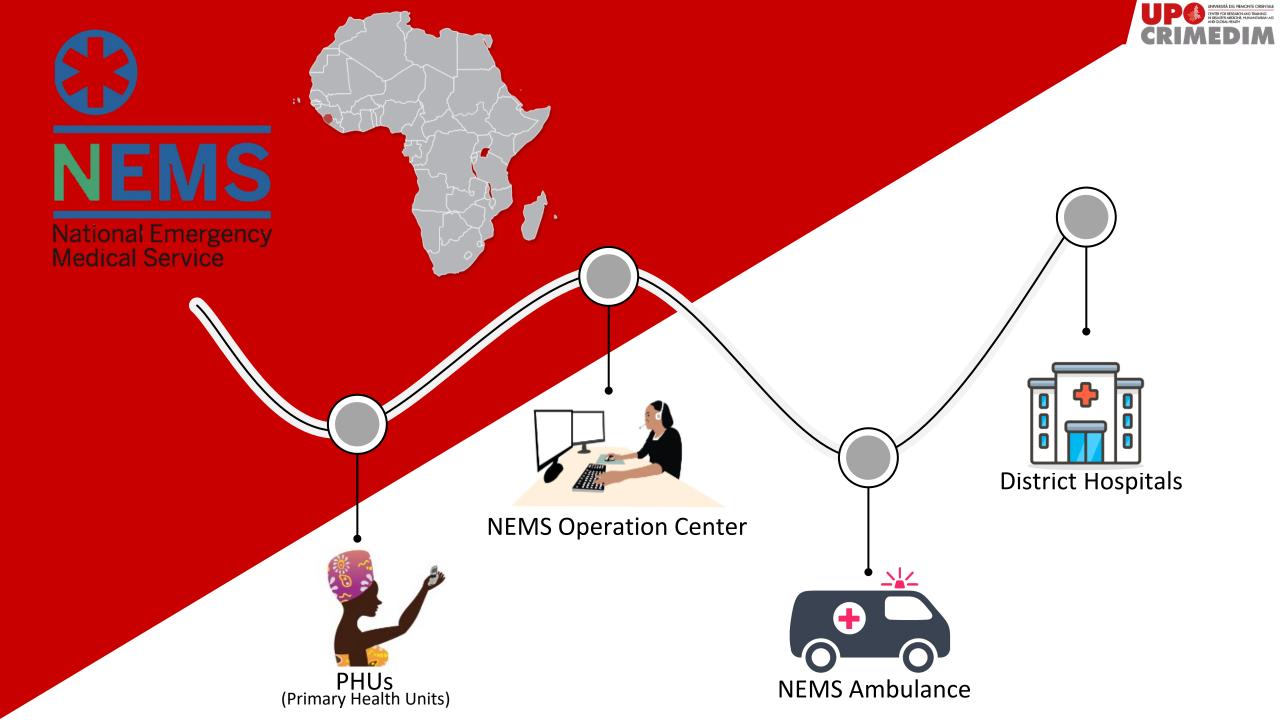




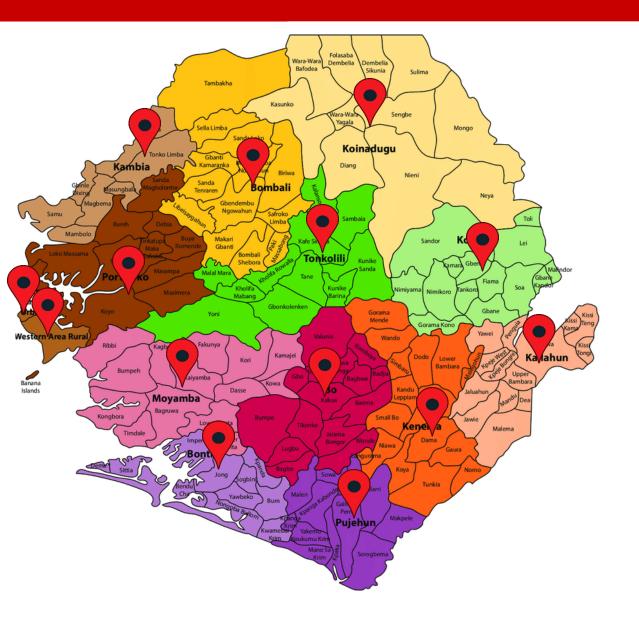






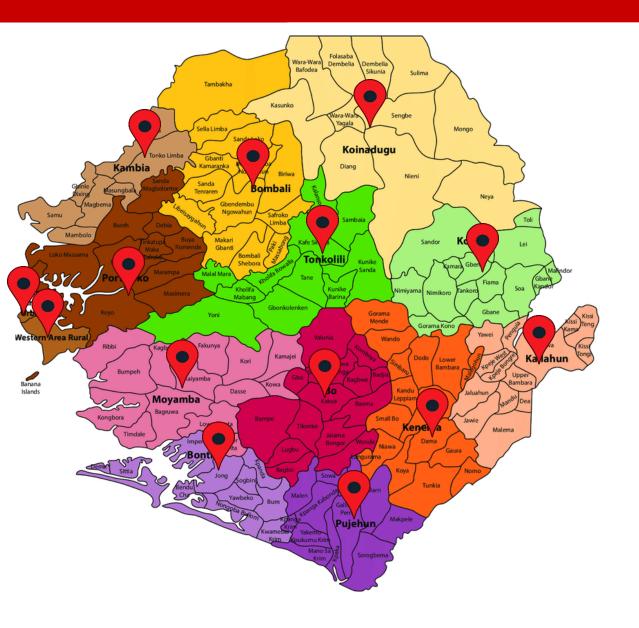






- Training: October 2018 April 2019;
- 27 May 2019: NEMS is operative at national level;



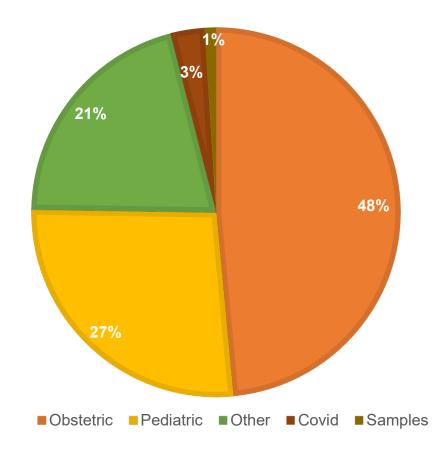


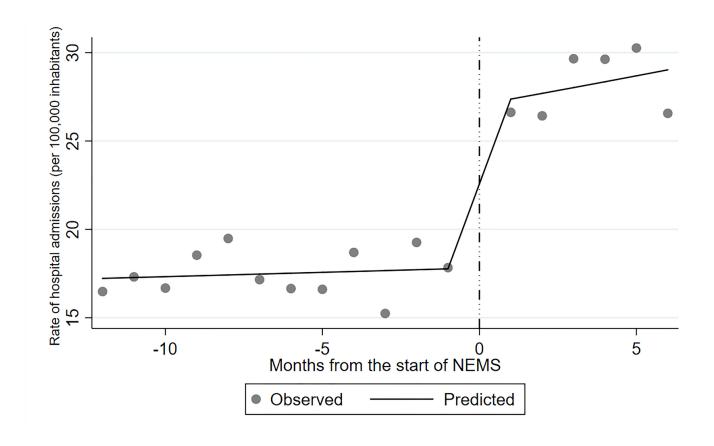
- Training: October 2018 April 2019;
- 27 May 2019: NEMS is operative at national level;
- Handover to MOHS: September 2020



From 15<sup>th</sup> of October 2018 up to the 31<sup>st</sup> of September 2020, NEMS has managed:

- 54,555 emergency calls
- 52,631 missions
- 45,348 referrals





Observed and predicted hospital admission rates in **Sierra Leone** before and after the introduction of NEMS.

# Covid-19



## The National Emergency Medical Service Role During the COVID-19 Pandemic in Sierra Leone

M.Caviglia, R. Buson, S. Pini, A. Jambai, MJ Vandy, F. Venturini, P. Rosi, F. Barone-Adesi, F. Della Corte, L. Ragazzoni, G. Putoto. *Prehospital and Disaster Medicine*, 35(6), 693-697.

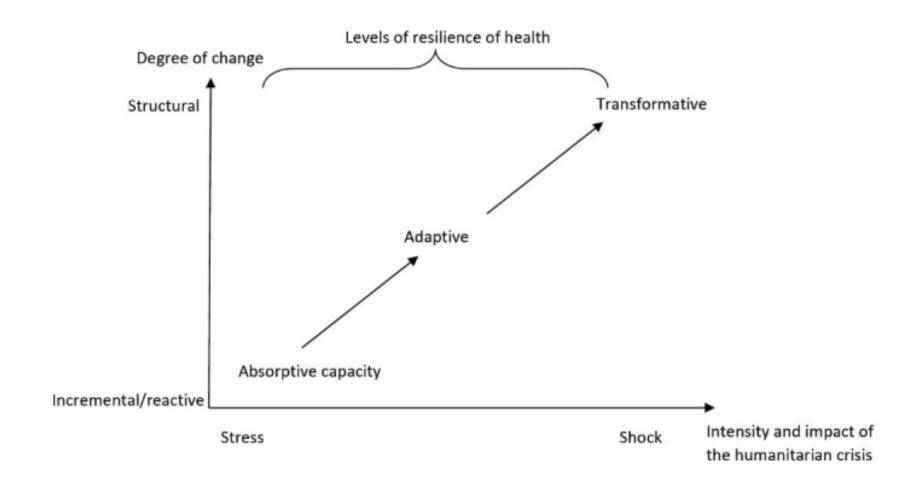
First Covid-19 case in Sierra Leone: 31st of March 2020

NEMS has been actively engaged in the national preparedness response plan to:

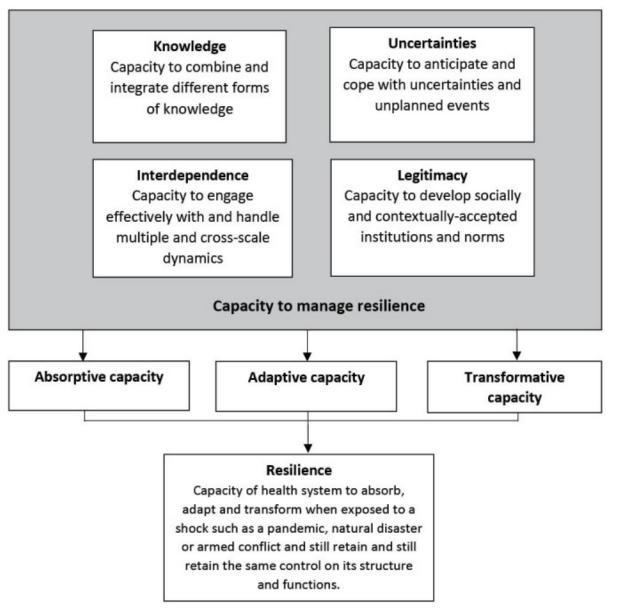
- 1) ensure a **resilient referral system** for routine services
- 2) manage the sudden demands of referral of COVID-19-related cases



### The Levels of Resilience of Health Systems by Intensity of the Humanitarian Crisis and Degree of Change (adapted from OCHA)







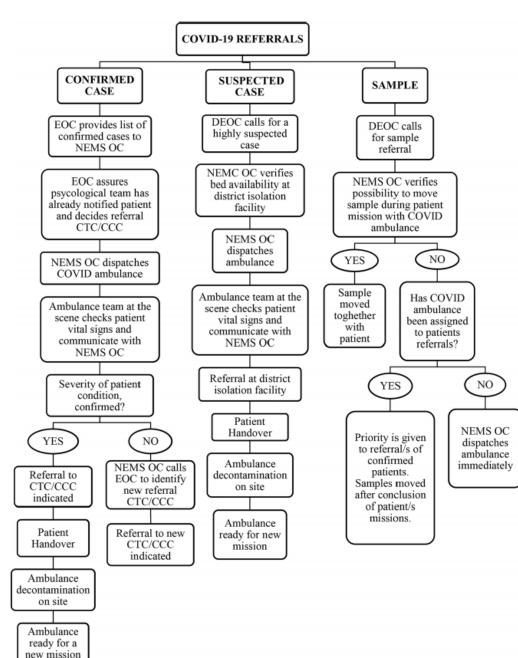
Blanchet K, Nam SL, Ramalingam B, Pozo-Martin F. Governance and capacity to manage resilience of health systems: towards a new conceptual framework. Int J Health Policy Manag. 2017;6(8):431-435.



### NEMS response to COVID-19

Ambulance redistribution

15 out of 81 dedicated to referrals of confirmed/suspected cases and samples





### COVID-19 special training

- How to assist suspected/confirmed COVID-19 cases
- PPE and IPC Procedures
- Cleaning and Waste Management







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### SPECIAL EDITION: CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19)

### HE OLITBREAK OF CORONAVIRUS

COVID-19 is the infectious disease caused by the most recently discovered (novel) coronavirus. This virus was first detected in Wuhan City, China. The first infections were linked to a live animal market. but the virus is now soreading from person-to-person.

Up to now, the infection is present in at least 123 Countries and Territories around the world.

On the 11<sup>th</sup> of March, the coronavirus outbreak has been labelled "pandemic" by the World Health Organizatic (WHO) addition all the countries to take artions to avoid the spread of the disease.

### Jpdates from Sierra Leone

Up to now, no cases have been reported in the country. The MoHS is currently monitoring the situations and a cassed management team has been identified to put in place precautionary measures and define the new protocols and or procedures in case of the outbreak in the country. As NEMS we are part of the case management team and we are playing a key role in the memerancy sector in the country.

### SYMPTOMS OF C

### The following symptoms may appear 2-14 days after exposure TEVER SHORTNESS OF BREATH

- The symptoms might evolve causing sever pneumonia which requiring mechanical ventilation in Intensive Care
- High risk categories of patient are aged people, diabetic, immunosuppressed (e.g. RVS+).
- Case fatality varies significantly by country location and intensity of transmission, around 3%.

### CASE DEFINITION 'SUSPECTED CASE'

- A patient presenting with acute respiratory infection\* (whether mild or severe) who in the 14 days prior t onset of symptoms:
- a. Has had close contact\*\* with a confirmed or probable case of COVID-19 infection
- b. Has visited/stayed in a country with community transmission of COVID-19.
- A patient with severe acute respiratory infection AND requiring hospitalization AND with no other aetiology
  that fully explains the clinical presentation

\*Clinical criteria for the acute respiratory infection: Fever or history of fever (≥38°C), shortness of breath, cough or sore throat.
\*\* to be define with the surveillance team

### PREVENTIO



 Wash often your hands with soap and water
 Cover your coughs and sneeze

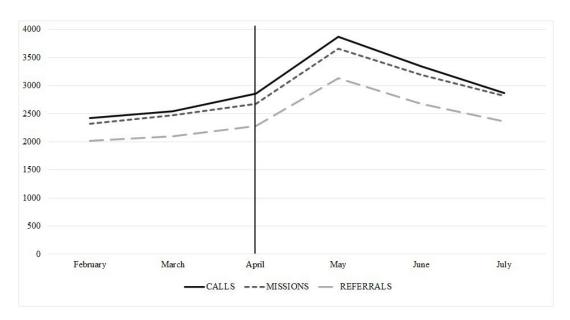
contact with people who are sick 4. Stay home if sick, except to get medical care 5. Avoid touching

6. Clean and disinfect frequently touched



### Challenges

- Upward trend in NEMS activities
- Financial impact: PPEs, decontamination kits, digital thermometers
- Reduction on ambulance fleet by 15
- Supplementary training sessions



Upward Trend in NEMS Activities, determined by the COVID-19 Outbreak.



### Challenges

Stigma towards ambulances



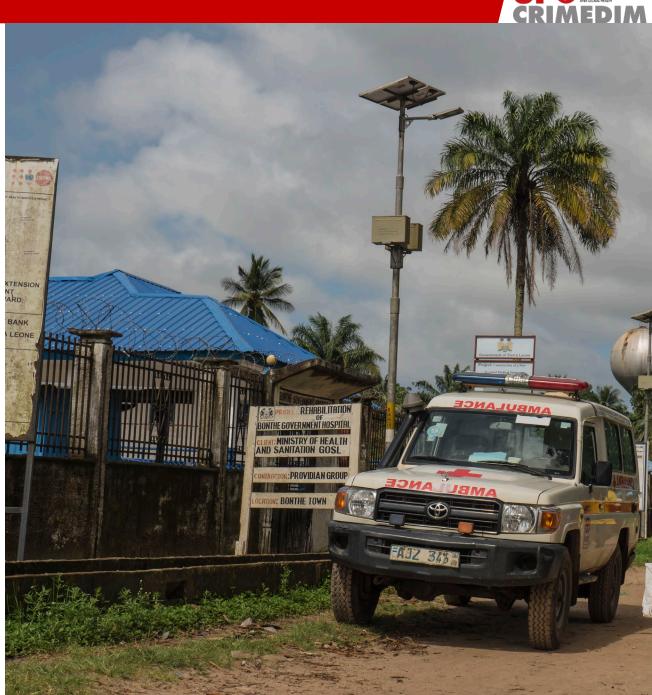


### Challenges

Stigma towards ambulances



involvement of psychological team to inform patients and relatives about their condition and the need of isolation





### Disaster Medicine in SL after Covid19

 November 2020: launch of the National Disaster Management Agency (NDMA)



July 2021: DM courses for NEMS personnel







5<sup>th</sup> November 2021: Wellington PMD Junction

Fire MCI

 Collision between a fuel tanker and a truck carrying granite stones

92 casualties and 98 deaths





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